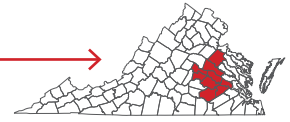


# CHILD WELL-BEING IN RICHMOND VIRGINIA REGION DURING 2013




**1** in **6**

→ **CHILDREN LIVE IN POVERTY.**



Poverty is the single greatest threat to the long-term well-being of children.

↓  
**THAT'S 46,607**  
**CHILDREN LIVING IN POVERTY.**

ENOUGH TO FILL  
**932**  
  
**SCHOOL BUSES**

**34%**

**OF CHILDREN LIVE IN LOW-INCOME FAMILIES AND ARE AT-RISK OF NEGATIVE OUTCOMES.**



Families living at 200% of poverty level can only meet basic needs: food, rent, utilities, child care, and transportation.

**THAT'S 91,777**  
**CHILDREN LIVING BELOW 200% OF POVERTY LEVEL.**



**9%**

**Of Births are to Mothers with Less than a 12th Grade Education.**



The children from affluent families hear 30 million more words by age 3 than children from low-income households.

**1** in **3**

**Third Graders Failed SOL Reading Test.**

**FAIL**

**PASS**



→ Children reading below proficiency in the third grade are unlikely to ever catch up.



**On-Time High School Graduation Rate**

**NOT ON-TIME**



**16%**

**ON-TIME**

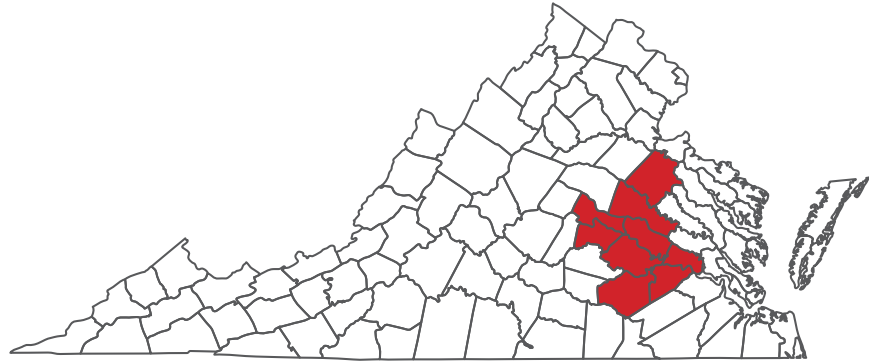


**84%**

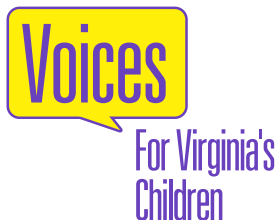


Three factors build toward high school graduation on time, a major milestone on the path to adulthood: 1) enter school ready to succeed, 2) read proficiently by the fourth grade, and 3) make a successful transition to middle school.

# RICHMOND VIRGINIA REGION DATA



LOCALE	TOTAL POP. UNDER 18	CHILDREN IN POVERTY	PERCENTAGES OF CHILDREN IN POVERTY	CHILDREN LIVING UNDER 200% OF POVERTY	PERCENTAGES OF CHILDREN LIVING UNDER 200% OF POVERTY	PASS RATE OF THIRD GRADERS ON SOL READING TEST	FAILURE RATE OF THIRD GRADERS ON SOL READING TEST	BIRTHS TO MOTHERS WITH LESS THAN 12TH GRADE EDUCATION	ON-TIME HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION RATE	NOT ON-TIME HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION RATE
Caroline	6,623	1,412	21%	2,811	41%	69%	31%	8%	87%	13%
Charles City	1,277	225	18%	585	47%	83%	17%	2%	96%	4%
Chesterfield	80,402	8,609	11%	20,071	25%	72%	28%	9%	92%	8%
Colonial Heights	3,703	684	18%	1,565	40%	73%	27%	10%	95%	5%
Dinwiddie	6,102	1,138	19%	1,978	32%	73%	27%	7%	84%	16%
Goochland	4,209	385	9%	821	19%	80%	20%	5%	96%	4%
Hanover	24,507	1,581	6%	4,343	18%	80%	20%	4%	97%	3%
Henrico	72,888	10,843	15%	24,334	33%	70%	30%	6%	90%	10%
Hopewell	5,273	1,854	35%	3,381	60%	45%	55%	13%	81%	19%
New Kent	4,044	400	10%	895	22%	67%	33%	5%	92%	8%
Petersburg	6,663	3,179	48%	4,455	66%	57%	43%	16%	84%	16%
Powhatan	5,709	491	9%	871	15%	76%	24%	4%	89%	11%
Prince George	8,065	1,157	14%	2,622	32%	76%	24%	5%	89%	11%
Richmond City	38,157	14,649	38%	23,045	59%	54%	46%	15%	81%	19%
<b>State Totals</b>	<b>1,850,274</b>	<b>289,030</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>603,659</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>9%</b>



We champion public policies to improve the lives of Virginia's children.

The development of this infographic was generously funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation.  
701 East Franklin Street, Suite 807 • Richmond, Virginia 23219  
804.649.0184 • info@vakids.org



**Sources:**

- U.S. Census Bureau 2013
- Virginia Department of Education 2014
- Virginia Department of Health 2013

**Sponsor:** The Dominion Foundation

See Voices' website for additional sources:  
vakids.org/our-work/kids-count-data